credited against the total income tax as computed in the taxpayer's return. If the tax is paid by the recipient of the income or by the withholding agent it shall not be re-collected from the other, regardless of the original liability therefor, and in such event no penalty will be asserted against either person for failure to return or pay the tax where no fraud or purpose to evade payment is involved

ART. 11. Withholding in the case of nonresident foreign corporations.—A tax of 15 per cent is required to be withheld in the case of fixed or determinable annual or periodical income paid to a nonresident foreign corporation except (1) income from sources without the United States, including interest on deposits by persons carrying on the banking business paid to persons not engaged in business in the United States and not having any office or place of business therein, (2) interest upon bonds or other obligations of a corporation containing a tax-free covenant and issued before January 1, 1934, where the liability assumed by the obligor does not exceed 2 per cent of the interest, and (3) dividends.

Withholding of a tax at the rate of 2 per cent is required in the case of interest payments made to a nonresident foreign corporation, representing income from sources within the United States, paid upon corporate bonds or other obligations containing a tax-free covenant, issued before January 1, 1934, where the liability assumed by the obligor exceeds 2 per cent of the interest.

A tax of 10 per cent is required to be withheld from income from sources within the United States paid to a nonresident foreign corporation which consists of dividends (other than dividends distributed by a corporation organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, to a resident of China) except that such rate of 10 per cent shall be reduced, in the case of corporations organized under the laws of a contiguous country, to such rate (not less than 5 per cent) as may be provided by treaty with such country. Dividends paid by a foreign corporation are not, however, subject to withholding unless such corporation is engaged in trade or business within the United States or has an office or place of business therein and more than 85 per cent of the gross income of such foreign corporation for the threeyear period ending with the close of its taxable year preceding the declaration of such dividends (or for such part of such period as the corporation has been in existence) was derived from sources within the United States as determined under the provisions of section 119 of the Act.

For withholding in the case of dividends distributed by a corporation organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, see articles 4 and 12.

ART. 12. Withholding by a China Trade Act corporation.—Dividends distributed by a corporation organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, which are treated as income from sources within the United States under the provisions of section 119 of the Act are subject to withholding at the rate of 10 per cent when paid to persons (other than residents of China) who are (1) nonresident aliens, (2) nonresident partnerships composed in whole or in part of nonresident aliens, or (3) nonresident foreign corporations. The 10 per cent rate of withholding specified in this article with respect to dividends shall be reduced in the case of shareholders who are (a) nonresident aliens residents of a contiguous country or (b) nonresident foreign corporations organized under the laws of a contiguous country, to such rate (not less than 5 per cent), as may be provided by treaty with such country.

ART. 13. Aids to withholding agents in determining liability for withholding of tax.—Since no withholding of tax on bond interest or other income is required in the case of a resident foreign corporation, the person paying such income should be notified by a letter from such corporation that it is not subject to the withholding provisions of the Act. The letter from the corporation shall contain the address of its office or place of business in the United States and be signed by an officer of the corporation giving his official title. Such letter of notification, or copy thereof, should be immediately forwarded by the recipient to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Sorting Section, Washington, D. C.

Although the burden of withholding tax from dividends is placed upon the payor corporation, or any other person (including a nominee), having the control, receipt, custody, disposal, or payment of dividends, if such payor corporation or person has no other reason to believe that the dividends are subject to withholding, the following procedure in general may be adopted:

(1) As to those stockholders whose name and style indicate that they are nonresident aliens, foreign partnerships, or foreign corporations, the tax shall be withheld in all cases if the address of any such stockholder is without the United States.

(2) If the address of such stockholders is in care of an individual, a partnership, or a corporation within the United States, the tax shall likewise be withheld, but as to any stockholder whose address is within the United States, the tax need not be withheld.

[SEAL]

CHAS. T. RUSSELL.

Acting Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Approved, June 25, 1936.

HENRY MORGENTHAU, JR., Secretary of the Treasury.

[F.R. Doc. 1015—Filed, June 26, 1936; 12:39 p.m.]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

National Park Service.

RULES AND REGULATIONS

Made, published, and approved by the Secretary of the Interior on the 18th day of June 1936, and to continue in force and effect until otherwise directed by the said Secretary.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Pursuant to the authority granted to the Secretary of the Interior by the Act of August 25, 1916 (ch. 408, sec. 3, 39 Stat. 535), as amended by the Act of June 2, 1920 (ch. 218. sec. 5, 41 Stat. 731), and by the Act of March 7, 1928 (ch. 137, sec. 1, 45 Stat. 200, 235); and pursuant to the authority granted to the Secretary of War by the Act of March 2. 1933 (ch. 180, 47 Stat. 1420), and transferred to the Secretary of the Interior by Executive Order No. 6166, June 10, 1933, as interpreted by Executive Order No. 6228, July 28, 1933, under the authority of the Act of March 3, 1933 (ch. 212, sec. 403, 47 Stat. 1489, 1518); and pursuant to the authority granted to the Secretary of the Interior by various Acts of Congress relating to particular parks, monuments, and reservations: the following regulations are hereby made and published for the proper use, management, government, and protection of, and maintenance of good order in all the National Parks, National Monuments, National Military Parks, National Historical Parks, Battlefield Sites, and miscellaneous memorials which are, or hereafter may be, under the administrative jurisdiction of the National Park Service of the Department of the Interior: Provided, however, That these rules and regulations shall not apply to National Cemeteries or to National Capital Parks. All previous rules and regulations (except the uniform rules and regulations prescribed December 28, 1906, by the Secretaries of the Interior, Agriculture, and War, to carry out the provisions of the "Act for the Preservation of American Antiquities", approved June 8, 1906 (34 Stat. 225), and except such local subsidiary regulations as are continued in force under the provisions hereof), for such National Parks, National Monuments, National Military Parks, National Historical Parks, Battlefield Sites, and miscellaneous memorials, are hereby repealed.

Definitions.—The term "park", when used in these rules and regulations, unless otherwise indicated, shall be construed to include National Parks, National Military Parks, and National Historical Parks; and the term "monument", when used in these rules and regulations, unless otherwise indicated, shall be construed to include National Monuments,

Battlefield Sites, and miscellaneous memorials. The term the expense of such removal to be paid by the person or "superintendent", when used in these rules and regulations, persons leaving such equipment. shall be construed to include a custodian, caretaker, or other person in charge of a National Park, National Monument, National Military Park, National Historical Park, Battlefield Site, or miscellaneous memorial.

1. Preservation of public property, natural features and curiosities .- The destruction, injury, defacement, removal, or disturbance in any way of any public building, sign, equipment, monument, statue, marker, or other structure, or of any tree, flower, vegetation, rock, mineral, formation, stalactite, stalagmite, phenomenon of crystallization, incrustration in any lava tube, cave, steam vent, or cone, or of any animal, bird, or other wildlife, or of any ruins or relics, or of any other public property of any kind is prohibited: Provided, That flowers may be gathered in small quantities when, in the judgment of the superintendent or custodian, their removal will not impair the beauty of the park or monument. Before any flowers are picked, permit must be secured from the superintendent or custodian.

Sequoia cones shall not be disturbed, or removed from any national park or monument.

No canes, umbrellas, or sticks of any kind may be taken into caves or caverns. The tossing or throwing of rocks or other material inside the caves or caverns is prohibited.

Collections for scientific or educational purposes shall be permitted only in accordance with written permits first had and obtained from the superintendent.

Bona-fide claimants or entrymen claiming or owning land reasonably adjacent to Grand Teton National Park must secure written permits before cutting any dead or down timber within the park, and are restricted to cutting such timber for firewood for their own consumption.

Visitors in Hawaii National Park may, with the permission of the park superintendent, pick and eat, or carry away, such fruits as the superintendent may designate.

- 2. Camping.—(a) No camping is permitted outside the specially designated camp sites, except when necessary in connection with trips to isolated sections of the parks and monuments.
- (b) No person, party, or organization shall be permitted to camp in any public camping area in the parks or monuments more than 30 days in any calendar year.
- (c) Campers shall keep their campgrounds clean. Combustible rubbish shall be burned on camp fires and all other garbage and refuse of all kinds shall be placed in garbage cans provided for the purpose. At new or unfrequented camps, garbage shall be burned or buried.
- (d) Campers and others shall not wash clothing or cooking utensils in, or pollute in any other manner, the waters of the parks or monuments. Bathing in any of the streams or lakes near the regularly travelled thoroughfares in the parks and monuments is not permitted without suitable bathing clothes.
- (e) Saddle, pack, or draft animals shall not be kept in or near any camping area. No such animals shall be kept on the floor of Yosemite Valley except in the operator's corral.
- (f) Only in areas designated by the park superintendent may campers use any dead or fallen timber for fuel, except that Sequoia wood or bark shall not be disturbed for any
- (g) The installation of permanent camping facilities by visitors is prohibited in all parks and monuments. The digging or leveling of the ground in any camp site without a ranger's permission is prohibited.
- (h) Camps must be completely razed and the sites cleaned before the departure of campers. In dismantling camps, all material, such as poles, bark, planks, platforms, etc., used in construction of temporary camps must be removed, and, if combustible, must be piled on the public camp woodpiles.
- (i) Campers shall not leave their camps unattended for more than 48 hours without special permission of the superintendent, obtained in advance. Camping equipment left unattended in any public camping area for 48 hours or more is subject to removal by order of the superintendant,

- (j) No camp may be established in a park or monument and used as a base for hunting outside such park or monu-
- (k) No camp shall be placed within 25 feet of any welldefined water course, water hydrant, or main road.
- (1) Any article likely to frighten horses shall not be hung near a road or trail used by horses.
- (m) The superintendents or custodians may, with the approval of the Director of the National Park Service. establish hours during which quiet must be maintained at any camp, and prohibit the running of motors at or near a camp during such hours.
- (In Hot Springs National Park, the superintendent may establish the hours during which bathing will be permitted in the pool.)
- (n) No visitors shall be permitted to camp within the canyon in Canyon de Chelly National Monument.
- (o) No camping is permitted in any part of the Muir Woods National Monument, and no hikers or visitors shall enter or remain therein between one-half hour after sunset and one-half hour before sunrise.
- 3. Picnicking.—Picnicking or the eating of lunches is prohibited in restricted areas designated by the superintendent.
- 4. Use of park waters.—In Platt National Park the superintendent may, whenever it becomes necessary to do so, restrict the use of the waters of any of the springs in the park to immediate drinking purposes at such springs.
- 5. Sanitation.—(a) Garbage, papers, or refuse of any kind shall not be thrown or left on or along roads, in camping or picnic areas, or on any other park or monument lands.
- (b) All comfort stations shall be used in a clean and sanitary manner.
- (c) Contamination of watersheds, of water supplies, or of any water used for drinking purposes is strictly prohibited.
- 6. Fires.—Fires shall not be kindled near or on the roots of trees, dead wood, moss, dry leaves, forest mold, or other vegetable refuse, but in some open space on rocks or earth. On public campgrounds the regular fireplaces constructed for the convenience of visitors must be used. Should camp be made in a locality where no such open space exists or is provided, the dead wood, moss, dry leaves, etc., shall be scraped away to the rock or earth over an area considerably larger than that required for the fire.

Fires shall be lighted only when necessary and, when no longer needed, shall be completely extinguished, and all embers and beds smothered with earth or water, so that there remains no possibility of reignition.

Permission to burn on any cleanup operation within the parks or monuments must first be obtained in writing from the office of the superintendent or custodian, and in such cases as it is deemed advisable such burning will be under Government supervision. All costs of suppression and all damage caused by reason of loss of control of such burning operations shall be paid by the person or persons to whom such permit has been granted.

No lighted cigarette, cigar, pipe heel, match, or other burning material shall be thrown from any vehicle or saddle horse or dropped into any grass, leaves, twigs, tree mold, or other combustible or inflammable material.

Smoking or the building of fires on any lands within the parks or monuments may be prohibited or limited by the superintendent or custodian when, in his judgment, the hazard makes such action necessary.

All persons making trips away from established camps are required to obtain written fire permits from the nearest ranger before building camp fires.

The use of fireworks or firecrackers in the parks and monuments is prohibited, except with the written permission of the superintendent or custodian.

7. Protection of wildlife.—The parks and monuments are sanctuaries for wildlife of every sort, and all hunting, or the killing, wounding, frightening, capturing, or attempting to

capture at any time of any wild bird or animal, except dangerous animals when it is necessary to prevent them from destroying human lives or inflicting personal injury, is prohibited within the limits of the parks and monuments.

Unauthorized possession within a part or monument of the dead body or any part thereof of any wild bird or animal shall be prima facie evidence that the person or persons having the same are guilty of violating this regulation.

During the hunting season arrangements must be made at entrance stations to identify and transport through the parks and monuments, where necessary, the carcasses of birds or animals legally killed outside the parks and monuments. Failure to make such arrangements shall be deemed a violation of this regulation.

- 8. Firearms, etc.—Firearms, explosives, traps, seines, and nets are prohibited within the parks and monuments, except upon written permission of the superintendent or custodian. Visitors entering or traveling through the parks and monuments to places beyond shall, at entrance, report and, if required to do so, surrender all such objects in their possession to the first park or monument officer, and, in proper cases, may obtain his written permission to carry them through the park or monument sealed. Failure to obtain such written permission shall be deemed a violation of this regulation. The Government assumes no responsibility for the loss of, or damage to, any such objects so surrendered to any park or monument officer, nor are park or monument officers authorized to accept the responsibility or custody of any other property for the convenience of the visitors.
- 9. Fishing.—Persons desiring to fish in the waters of the Yosemite, Sequoia, Lassen, General Grant, Grand Canyon, Grand Teton, Acadia, Wind Cave, Great Smoky Mountains, Mammoth Cave, and Zion National Parks, and the national monuments under the jurisdiction of the National Park Service must secure a sporting fishing license, as required by the laws of the state in which such park or monument is situated. All fishing in such parks and monuments must be done in conformity with the laws of the state regarding open seasons, size of fish, and the limit of catch, except as otherwise provided in the following paragraphs, which are applicable to all parks and monuments:

Fishing with nets, seines, traps, or by the use of drugs or explosives, or for merchandise or profit, or in any other way than with hook and line, the rod or line being held in hand, is prohibited.

Fishing in particular waters may be suspended, or restricted in regard to the use of particular kinds of bait, when the superintendent or custodian, with the approval of the Director of the National Park Service, shall determine such suspension or restriction necessary and shall post such restrictions or suspensions.

The number of fish that may be taken by one person in any one day from the various lakes and streams may be regulated by the superintendent or custodian, with the approval of the Director of the National Park Service. Unless otherwise determined and posted, the number shall be limited to 10 fish. Possession of more than two days' catch by any person at any one time shall be construed as a violation of this regulation.

No fish less than six inches long may be retained, unless a different limit be determined by the superintendent with the approval of the Director of the National Park Service and posted in the particular park or monument. All fish hooked less than such limit in length shall be carefully handled with moist hands and returned at once to the water if not seriously injured. Undersized fish retained because seriously injured shall be counted in the number of fish which may be taken in one day.

The possession of live minnows, chubs, or other bait fish, or the use thereof as bait, is prohibited in all the national parks and monuments, except Acadia National Park and Fort Jefferson National Monument.

The digging of worms for bait is prohibited in all parks and monuments.

The canning or curing of fish for the purpose of transporting them out of a national park or monument is prohibited.

The possession of fishing tackle upon or along any waters closed to fishing shall be prima facie evidence that the person or persons having such fishing tackle are guilty of unlawful fishing in such closed waters.

Fishing is prohibited in the Muir Woods National Monu-

All waters of the Shenandoah National Park are closed to fishing until further notice. This, however, shall not apply to occupants of or guests at the President's Camp on the Rapidan.

10. Private operations.—No person shall reside permanently in a national park or monument. No person, firm, or corporation shall engage in or solicit any business, or erect buildings in the parks or monuments without permission in writing from the Director of the National Park Service, Washington, D. C. Applications for such permission may be addressed to the Director through the superintendents and custodians of the parks and monuments.

In Mount McKinley National Park, prospectors and miners may erect necessary shelter cabins or other structures necessary in mining operations on bona fide locations in the park.

- 11. Public speeches.—No person shall make or deliver any address, speech, or sermon upon any subject whatever in Platt National Park without first obtaining a permit in writing from the superintendent, which permit the superintendent is hereby authorized to issue in proper cases and which shall designate the time and locality where such address, speech, or sermon may be given.
- 12. Radios.—The use of radios in public camps, hotels, or other buildings, or in automobiles is prohibited when audible beyond the immediate vicinity of the radio set. Radios shall not be operated to the annoyance of other persons nor so as to disturb the quiet of camps or other public places. The erection of aerials or other radio installations is prohibited.
- 13. Cameras.—Before still pictures may be taken for commercial purposes and before a motion or sound picture requiring the use of artificial or special settings, or special equipment, or involving the performance of a professional cast, may be filmed in any of the parks or monuments, authority must first be obtained, in writing, from the Secretary of the Interior. Still and motion picture cameras may be freely used by amateurs in the parks and monuments for general scenic purposes.

Superintendents may issue permits to take still and motion pictures in the parks and monuments under their supervision without such previous authorization by the Secretary of the Interior, in the following circumstances, and on condition that the permittees shall refrain from offering any gratuity of whatsoever nature to any employee of the Government in connection with the exercise of the privilege herein authorized to be granted:

- 1. Professional photographers and motion-picture cameramen desiring to take scenes of, or events in, the national parks as representatives of news concerns and for bona fide news publication;
- 2. Professional photographers and motion-picture cameramen desiring to take scenes of, or events in, the national parks, not for sale or for exhibition when paid admissions are charged, but for the purpose of stimulating general or park travel;
- 3. Professional photographers and motion-picture cameraman desiring to take scenes of, or events in, the national parks, for non-profit educational purposes;
- 4. Professional photographers desiring to take park scenes for general artistic purposes.
- 14. Gambling.—Gambling in any form, or the operation of gambling devices, whether for merchandise or otherwise, is prohibited.
- 15. Advertisements.—Private notices or advertisements shall not be posted, distributed, or displayed in the parks or monuments, excepting such as the superintendent or custodian may deem necessary for the convenience and guidance of the public.
- 16. Mining claims.—The location of mining claims on lands within the parks and monuments is prohibited, except

in Mount McKinley National Park and in Death Valley National Monument. This regulation is subject to the further exception contained in the Act of Congress approved February 14, 1931 (46 Stat. 1161), reserving to the Navajo Tribe of Indians the mineral rights in the Canyon de Chelly National

Mining in Mount McKinley National Park may be regulated by the Secretary of the Interior as to surface use of locations under the Act of January 26, 1931 (46 Stat. 1043).

Mining in Death Valley National Monument is subject to the following special regulations, which are prescribed to govern the surface use of claims therein:

- (a) The claim shall be occupied and used exclusively for mineral exploration and development and for no other purpose; except that, upon written permission of the Director of the National Park Service, the surface of the claim may be used for other specified purposes, the use to be on such conditions and for such period as may be prescribed when permission is granted.
- (b) The owner of the claim and all persons holding under him shall conform to all rules now prescribed or which may be made applicable by the Director of the National Park Service, governing occupancy of lands within the national monument.
- (c) The use and occupancy of the surface of mining claims as prescribed above shall apply to all such claims located after the date of the Act of June 13, 1933, within the limits of the national monument as fixed by the proclamation of February 11, 1933, and to all mining claims on lands hereafter included in the National monument, located after such inclusion, so long as such claims are within the boundaries of said monument.
- (d) Prospectors or miners shall not open or construct roads or vehicle trails without first obtaining a permit from the Director of the National Park Service. Applications for permits may be made through the custodian of the monument, upon submitting a map or sketch showing the location of the mining property to be served and the location of the proposed road or vehicle trail. The permit may be conditioned upon the permittee's maintaining the road or trail in a passable condition as long as it is used by the permittee or his successors.
- 17. Archeologic ruins and objects.—Visitors shall not be permitted to visit the ruins in Mesa Verde National Park nor to enter the canyon in Canyon de Chelly National Monument unless accompanied by National Park Service employees. The superintendent may waive this requirement in Mesa Verde National Park by issuing a special written permit to persons engaged in scientific studies.

Visitors shall not remove any artifacts or other objects of archeological or historical significance from the place where they may be found, nor purchase any such objects from Indians or others. Any such objects purchased or removed in violation of this regulation shall be delivered to the superintendent or his representative on demand.

- 18. Lost articles.—Persons finding lost articles, other than relics, should deposit them at the office of the superintendent or custodian, or at the nearest ranger station, leaving their own names and addresses, so that if the articles are not claimed by the owners within 60 days, they may be turned over to those who found them.
- 19. Private lands.—Owners of private lands within the limits of any park or monument are entitled to the full use and enjoyment thereof; the boundaries of such lands, however, shall be determined, and marked and defined, so they may be readily distinguished from the park or monument lands. While no limitations or conditions are imposed upon the use of private lands so long as such use does not interfere with or injure the Government lands, private owners shall provide against trespass by their livestock upon lands of the parks or monuments, and all trespasses committed will be punished to the full extent of the law. Stock may be taken over the lands of parks and monuments with the written permission and under the supervision of the superintendent or custodian, but such permission and super- | be required by the superintendent.

vision are not required when access to such private lands is had wholly over roads or lands not owned or controlled by the United States.

20. Grazing.—The running at large, herding, or grazing of livestock of any kind on the Government lands in the parks and monuments, as well as the driving of livestock over the same, is prohibited, except where authority therefor has been granted by the superintendent or custodian, with the approval of the Director of the National Park Service. The owners of livestock found improperly on the park or monument lands will be prosecuted.

The above regulation is subject to the exception contained in the provisions of the Act of Congress approved February 26, 1929 (45 Stat. 1314), relating to grazing in Grand Teton National Park, and to the exception contained in the Act of Congress approved February 14, 1931 (46 Stat. 1161), reserving to the Navajo Tribe of Indians the right to the surface use of the lands in the Canyon de Chelly National Monument for agricultural, grazing, or other purposes.

No authority may be granted for grazing in the Yellowstone National Park.

21. Authorized operators.—All persons, firms, or corporations holding franchises in the parks and monuments shall keep the grounds used by them properly policed and shall maintain the premises in a sanitary condition to the satisfaction of the superintendent or custodian. No operator shall retain in his employment a person whose presence in the park or monument may be deemed by the superintendent or custodian subversive to the good order and management of the park or monument.

All operators shall require each of their public contact employees to wear a metal badge with a number thereon, or other mark of identification. The name and number corresponding therewith, or the identification mark, shall be registered in the office of the superintendent or custodian. These badges must be worn in plain sight.

- 22. Fraudulently obtaining accommodations.—The obtaining of food, lodging, or other accommodations in the national parks and monuments with intent to defraud is forbidden, and such fraudulent intent will be presumed from refusal or neglect to pay therefor on demand, or payment therefor with negotiable paper on which payment is refused, or absconding without paying or offering to pay therefor, or false or fictitious showing or pretense of baggage or other property, or surreptitious removal or attempted removal of baggage.
- 23. Dogs and cats.—(a) Dogs and cats are prohibited on the Government lands in the parks and monuments, except that upon written permission of the superintendent or custodian, secured upon entrance, they may be transported over through roads by persons passing through the parks and monuments provided they are kept under leash, crated, or otherwise under restrictive control of the owner at all times while in the park or monument: Provided, however, That employees and others may be authorized by the superintendent or custodian to keep dogs for official purposes in the administrative area of a park or monument, and subject to such further conditions as may be determined by the superintendent or custodian.
- (b) Stray dogs or cats running at large in the parks and monuments may be killed to prevent molestation of the wildlife therein.
- (c) In Mount McKinley National Park, dogs may be used for hauling, with the permission of the superintendent and subject to the following rights and restrictions: In the winter, prospectors and miners may use such dogs as may be necessary for a reasonable time for heavy hauling of supplies, fuel, timber, and other objects; thereafter each person is limited to seven dogs. In the summer, no dogs are allowed except in special cases. In no case nor at any time shall litters of pups be raised in the park except by special permission of the superintendent. Persons entering the park with dogs must register at McKinley Park entrance, Katishna entrance, or the nearest ranger station, giving such information as may

24. Bears.—Feeding of bears in campgrounds and populated areas is prohibited; feeding directly from the hand, touching, teasing, or molesting of bears is prohibited.

25. Dead animals.—All domestic or grazed animals that may die on any Government lands in the parks or monuments shall be buried immediately by the owner or person having charge of such animals, at least two feet beneath the ground, and in no case less than one-fourth mile from any camp or thoroughfare.

26. Pack trains and saddle horse parties.—(a) No pack train or saddle horse party shall be allowed in Crater Lake, General Grant, Glacier, Grand Canyon, Hawaii, Lassen Volcanic, Mesa Verde, Mount McKinley, Mount Rainier, Rocky Mountain, Yellowstone, Yosemite, Zion, and Bryce Canyon National Parks, unless in charge of an approved guide. Guides may be required to pass on examination prescribed by the superintendent. At the discretion of the superintendent, guides will be permitted to carry unsealed firearms. Prospectors and miners in Mount McKinley National Park are excepted from the operation of this regulation.

(b) No persons may pass through or camp in any of the national parks, except Sequoia and Grand Teton National Parks, using animals or camp equipment not hired from the authorized operators of saddle horse service; where such service is established at the park under contract with the Secretary of the Interior, unless the animals and equipment belong to a member or members of the party, and unless the other members are not renting, or in any way paying for the use of the animals or equipment, and unless the owners are not making the trip under any lease arrangement, and shall satisfy the superintendent that such are the facts.

(c) To conduct or operate, or to cause to be conducted or operated, a saddle horse party into, or to act as guide for any purpose within any of the parks mentioned in paragraph (a) of this regulation, without the written permission of the Director of the National Park Service or the superintendent of the park, is prohibited; and the person or persons so conducting, operating, or causing to be conducted or operated, or acting as guide, shall be subject to the penalties prescribed by law for a violation of these regulations.

No saddle horses shall be permitted in the Muir Woods National Monument on Sundays or holidays.

27. Begging, soliciting, etc.—Begging is prohibited within the parks and monuments.

Hitch-hiking is prohibited within the parks and monuments.

Drumining and soliciting within the Hot Springs National Park for any physician, surgeon, or any person publicly professing to relieve, cure, or heal, or for any bathhouse receiving water from the Hot Springs National Park, are prohibited.

28. Disorderly conduct.—Persons who render themselves obnoxious by disorderly conduct or bad behavior shall be subject to the punishment hereinafter prescribed for violation of these regulations, and may be summarily removed from the park or monument by the superintendent or custodian.

29. Improper clothing.—The wearing of bathing suits. scanty or objectionable clothing, without proper covering, is prohibited in automobiles, on bicycles, in public places, hotels. camps, lodges, villages, or stores. Proper covering is hereby defined as such covering as will be at least the equivalent of sleeveless upper shirt and shorts.

30. Abandonment of property.—The abandonment of any personal property in the parks and monuments is prohibited.

31. Mountain summit climbing—In Mount McKinley and Mount Rainier National Parks, mountain climbing shall be undertaken only with the permission of the superintendent of the park. To insure reasonable chances of success, he shall not grant such permission until he is satisfied that all members of the party are properly clothed, equipped, and shod, are qualified physically and through previous experience to make the climb, and that the necessary supplies are carried. No individual will be permitted to start alone for the summit of Mount McKinley or Mount Rainier.

While the Government assumes no responsibility in connection with any kind of accident to mountain-climbing parties, all persons starting to ascend Mount McKinley or

Mount Rainier will fill out an information blank furnished by the superintendent and shall report to him upon return.

When the superintendent deems such action necessary he may prohibit all mountain climbing in the park.

32. Reports of accidents.—All accidents of whatever nature shall be reported as soon as possible by the person or persons involved, to the superintendent or at the nearest ranger station.

33. Guide and elevator jees for Carlsbad caverns.-In Carlsbad Caverns National Park, no person or persons shall be permitted to enter the caverns unless accompanied by National Park Service employees. Competent guide service is provided for the public by the Government, for which a fee of \$1.50 shall be charged each person entering the caverns: Provided, That in proper cases and upon application made in advance, the Director of the National Park Service may authorize admission without charge for service to persons from reputable educational institutions for the purpose of prosecuting class work or studies, or to persons under the support and care of charitable institutions and their attendants. No charge shall be made for children 16 years of age, or under, when accompanied by adults taking responsibility for their safety and orderly conduct while in the caverns.

For the use of the elevator in the caverns, a fee of \$0.50 in each direction shall be charged each person using the same, except children between the ages of five and twelve years, for which half-fare, or \$0.25 in each direction shall be charged. No charge for this service shall be made for children five years of age, or under, when accompanied by adults assuming responsibility for their safety.

34. Guide and elevator fees for Wind Cave.—In Wind Cave National Park, no person or persons shall be permitted to enter the cave, unless accompanied by National Park Service employees. Competent guide service is provided for the public by the Government for which a fee of 75¢ shall be charged each adult person entering the cave. The 75¢ fee for adults shall include the use of the elevator: Provided, That, in proper cases and upon application made in advance, the Director of the National Park Service may authorize admission without charge for guide and elevator service to persons from reputable educational institutions for the purpose of prosecuting class work or studies, or to persons under the support and care of charitable institutions and their attendants.

Children 16 years of age, or under, when accompanied by adults taking responsibility for their safety and orderly conduct while in the cave shall be charged 25¢ each, including the use of the elevator, except children between the ages of five and twelve years who shall be charged 15¢ each, including the use of the elevator. No charge whatever shall be made for children five years of age, or under, when accompanied by adults assuming responsibility for their safety.

35. Carrying of firearms by park employees.—The superintendent or custodian of a park or monument may, in his discretion, permit the carrying of firearms by employees under his administrative jurisdiction when such possession is deemed necessary in the performance of official duties.

36. Guide fees for Lehman Caves.-In Lehman Caves National Monument, no person or persons shall be permitted to enter the caves unless accompanied by National Park Service employees. Competent guide service is provided for the public by the Government, for which a fee of \$0.50 shall be charged each person entering the caves, except that when a group of ten or more persons over 16 years of age is guided through the caves at one time, the fee shall be \$0.25 for each person: Provided, That in proper cases and upon application made in advance, the Director of the National Park Service may authorize admission without charge for guide service to persons from reputable educational institutions for the purpose of prosecuting class work or studies, or to persons under the support and care of charitable institutions and their attendants. No charge shall be made for children 16 years of age, or under, when accompanied by adults assuming responsibility for their

TRAFFIC

37. Travel on trails.—Pedestrians on trails shall remain quiet when saddle or pack animals are passing.

Persons traveling on the trails of the parks or monuments, either on foot or on saddle animals, shall not make short cuts, but shall confine themselves to the main trails. Any or all roads and trails in the parks and monuments may be closed to public use by order of the superintendent or custodian when, in his judgment, conditions make travel thereon hazardous or dangerous, or when such action is necessary to protect the parks or monuments.

Motorcycles shall not be operated upon trails.

- 38. Travel on roads.—(a) Saddle horses, pack trains, and horse-drawn vehicles have right-of-way over motor-propelled vehicles at all times.
- (b) Horseback travel over automobile roads is prohibited except where such travel is necessary for ingress to and egress from privately owned property in the parks or monuments, or incidental to authorized trail trips.
- (c) Pack trains and saddle horse parties are prohibited from using oil surfaced roads. Where, in emergencies, it becomes necessary for such pack trains or saddle horse parties to travel along oil surfaced roads, such travel shall be confined to the unoiled shoulders of the roads.
- (d) All vehicles shall be equipped with lights for night travel. At least one light must be carried on the left front side of all horse-drawn vehicles in a position so as to be visible from both front and rear.
- (e) Any person or persons riding saddle animals, or leading animals of any kind through any tunnel, shall display a light upon the approach of any vehicle.
- (f) No vehicles may be operated in the parks or monuments outside the roadways or designated parking areas.
- (g) Load and weight limitations shall be those prescribed from time to time by the superintendents or custodians, and shall be complied with by the operators of all vehicles using the roads of the parks and monuments. Schedules showing weight limitations for the different roads may be seen at the offices of the superintendents and custodians and at ranger stations at the park entrances.
- (h) There shall not be operated or moved upon any road within-the boundaries of any national park or monument any vehicle of any kind the face of wheels or tracks of which are fitted with flanges, ribs, clamps, cleats, lugs, spikes, or any device which may tend to injure the roadway. This regulation applies to all rings or flanges upon guiding or steering wheels on any such vehicle, but it shall not be construed as preventing the use of ordinary detachable tire or
- (i) The superintendent or custodian may, with the approval of the Director of the National Park Service, establish the hours during which any of the roads within the parks and monuments shall be open to the public, and the direction of travel thereon. Information regarding such hours and direction of travel may be had upon application at the office of the superintendent or custodian, or at the ranger stations.
- (j) In Acadia National Park, no motor vehicles are permitted on any road specially marked, designated, or constructed for horse-drawn vehicular traffic except for general road and roadside maintenance, repair and construction purposes, fire fighting, or in case of accident.
- 39. Automobiles.—The parks and monuments where common carrier service is established under authorization and supervision of the Government are open to automobiles operated for pleasure but not to those carrying passengers who are paying, either directly or indirectly, for the use of machines (excepting, however, automobiles used by transportation lines operating under Government franchise). Any person operating an automobile in contravention of the provisions of this regulation shall be deemed guilty of its violation.
- 40. Motor trucks and busses.—Motor trucks and busses are admitted to the parks and monuments under the same con-

custodians may establish limits of size, weight, and capacity, which limits may vary, according to the different roads, tunnels, and bridges. No motor trucks are permitted in Acadia National Park, except those used in connection with road maintenance or other authorized park projects.

Commercial truck trailers will be required to secure permits at entrance stations to use park roads.

Trucking over roads in the parks and monuments which are officially posted indicating no trucking is allowed shall be a violation of these regulations.

- 41. Motorcycles.—Motorcycles are admitted to the parks and monuments under the same conditions as automobiles and are subject to the same regulations, so far as they are applicable.
- 42. Permits.—Where required, no motor vehicle may be operated in the national parks without a permit, which is good only in the park or parks for which issued. The permit must be carried in the car and exhibited to the park rangers on request.

Exceptions.—Regulations No. 37, 38, 39, and 40 are not applicable to traffic on the Mineral King Road in Sequoia National Park or on the Kennedy Creek cut-off in Glacier National Park.

43. Fccs.—Fees for automobile permits are as follows:

1	Crater Lake National Park	81.00
	Glacier National Pari:	1.00
	Grand Canyon National Parit	1.00
Į	Lassen Volcanic National Park	1.00
ł	Mesa Verde National Park	1.00
1	Mount Rainier National Park	1.00
i	Sequola and General Grant National Parks	1.00
	Yellowstone National Park	
1	Yogemite National Park	2.00
1	Zion National Park	1.00
-	Zion National Park	2.00 1.00

Fees for motorcycle permits are as follows:

Crater Lake National Park	81.00
Glacier National Pari:	
Grand Canyon National Park	1.00
Lascen Volcanic National Park	1,00
Mesa Verde National Park	
Mount Rainier National Park	
Sequoia and General Grant National Parks	
Yellowatone National Park	
Yozemite National Park	
Zion National Park	1.00

No fee shall be charged residents of Coconino County, Arizona, or Kanab, Utah, entering Grand Canyon National Park, nor residents of Washington and Kane Counties, Utah, or residents of that part of Coconino County, Arizona, lying north and west of the Colorado River, entering Zion National Park, in the conduct of their usual occupation or business.

- 44. Entrances.-Automobiles, trucks, and other vehicles permitted in the parks and monuments may enter and leave by such entrances and between such hours as shall be determined by the superintendent or custodian with the approval of the Director of the National Park Service, and indicated by official signs posted for that purpose.
- All vehicles shall come to a full stop at entrance stations. 45. Speed.—Automobiles and other vehicles shall be so operated as to be under the safe control of the driver at all times. The speed shall be kept within such limits as may be necessary to avoid accidents. Speed of automobiles and other vehicles except ambulances and Government cars on emergency trips is limited to 35 miles per hour on all roads in the parks and monuments unless a different limit be determined by the superintendent or custodian with the approval of the Director of the National Park Service, and indicated by official signs posted for that purpose.
- 46. Teams.—When teams, saddle horses, or pack trains approach, motor vehicles shall be so manipulated as to allow safe passage for the other party. In no case shall motor vehicles pass such animals on the road at a greater speed than 10 miles per hour, or in such a manner or with such noise as to frighten them.
- 47. Right-of-way.—Any vehicle traveling slowly on any of the roads in the parks or monuments, when overtaken by a ditions as automobiles, except that the superintendents or | faster-moving motor vehicle, and upon suitable signal from

such overtaking vehicle, shall move to the right to allow a | DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE. safe passage.

When automobiles going in opposite directions meet on a grade, the ascending machine has the right-of-way, and, the descending machine shall be backed or otherwise handled as may be necessary to enable the ascending machine to pass in safety. in safety.

48. Following vehicles:-Except in slow-moving traffic, a vehicle shall not follow another vehicle closer than 50 feet,

nor closer than 15 feet at any time.

49. Clutches and gears.—No motor vehicle shall be operated on any highway with clutch disengaged or gear out of mesh except for the purpose of changing or shifting gears or stopping or while being towed, or when such vehicle is equipped with commercial free-wheeling devices.

50. Lights.—All motor vehicles except motorcycles shall be equipped with two headlights and one or more red taillights, the headlights to be of sufficient brilliancy to insure safety in driving at night, and all lights shall be kept lighted after sunset when the vehicle is on a road, and at all times when passing through unlighted tunnels. Headlights shall be dimmed when meeting other vehicles, riding or driving animals, or pedestrians.

51. Sounding horn. The horn shall be sounded on ap-

proaching sharp curves or other places where the view ahead is obstructed, or before passing other vehicles or pedestrians, or, if necessary, before passing riding or driving

animals.

52. Muffler cut-outs.--Muffler cut-outs shall be kept closed at all times within the limits of the parks and monuments.

- 53. Accidents—stop-overs.—If vehicles stop because of accident or for any other reason, they shall be immediately parked in such a way as not to interfere with travel on the
- 54. Parking.—The superintendent may limit the time allowed for parking in any parking area upon the posting of signs indicating such limit.

55 Traffic signs.—Drivers of all vehicles shall comply with the directions of all official traffic signs posted in the the parks or monuments.

56. Intoxication.—No person who is under the influence of intoxicating liquor or narcotic drugs shall operate or drive a motor-driven vehicle of any kind on the roads of the parks or monuments. de e di

LOCAL SUBSIDIARY REGULATIONS

Subsidiary regulations necessary to cover local situations and promulgated under general provisions contained in these regulations will be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER and may be seen at the headquarters of the parks or monuments in which they are operative.

All subsidiary regulations promulgated under general provisions contained in the Rules and Regulations approved by the Secretary of the Interior June 6, 1935, are hereby continued in force and effect until amended or repealed.

J PENALTIES 10 1

(a) Any person who violates any of the foregoing rules or regulations in regard to any park or monument not specified in paragraph (b) hereof shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$500 or imprisonment for not exceeding six months, or both.

(b) Any person who knowingly and willfully violates any of the foregoing rules or regulations in regard to any of those national military parks, battlefield sites, national monuments, or miscellaneous memorials transferred to the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Interior from that of the Secretary of War by Executive Order No. 6166, June 10, 1933, and enumerated in Executive Order No. 6228, July 28, 1933, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and punished by a fine of not more than \$100 or by imprisonment for not more than three months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Approved: June 18, 1936, . . HAROLD L. ICKES, Secretary of the Interior.

[F. R. Doc. 1006—Filed, June 26, 1936; 10:40 a. m.]

Agricultural Adjustment Administration.

ORDER TERMINATING OPERATION OF LICENSE FOR MILK-ATLANTA, GEORGIA, SALES AREA

Whereas, W. R. Gregg, Acting Secretary of Agriculture of the United States of America, acting under the provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, as amended, for the purpose and within the limitations therein contained, and pursuant to the applicable general regulations issued thereunder, did, on the 15th day of November 1934, issue under his hand and the official seal of the Department of Agriculture a License for Milk—Atlanta, Georgia, Sales Area, effective the 1st day of December 1934, which license was subsequently amended on August 12, 1935, and suspended on the 25th day of January 1936, said suspension being effective on and after

12:01 a. m., January 27, 1936; and Whereas, the Secretary of Agriculture has determined to

terminate the said license, as amended;

Now, therefore, the undersigned, acting under the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture under the terms and conditions of the said act, as amended, and pursuant to the applicable general regulations issued thereunder, hereby terminate the said license, as amended.

In witness whereof, H. A. Wallace, Secretary of Agriculture of the United States of America, has executed this Order of Termination in duplicate, and has hereunto set his hand and caused the official seal of the Department of Agriculture to be affixed in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, this 25th day of June 1936, and hereby declares that this termination shall be effective on and after 12:01 a, m. July 1, 1936.

[SEAL]

H. A. WALLACE, Secretary of Agriculture.

[F.R. Doc. 1012-Filed, June 26, 1936; 11:58 a. m.]

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION.

Commissioners: Charles H. March, Chairman; Garland S. Ferguson, Jr., Ewin L. Davis, W. A. Ayres, Robert E. Freer.

[File No. 21-267]

IN THE MATTER OF APPLICATION FOR TRADE PRACTICE RULES FOR THE SCHOOL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT DISTRIBUTING INDUSTRY

NOTICE OF OPPORTUNITY TO BE HEARD

This matter now being before the Federal Trade Commission under its Trade Practice Conference procedure, in pursuance of the Act of Congress approved September 26, 1914, (38 Stat. 717; 15 USCA, Section 41);

Opportunity is hereby extended by the Federal Trade Commission to any and all persons affected by or having an interest in the proposed trade practice rules for the School Supplies and Equipment Distributing Industry to present to the Commission their views upon the same, including suggestions or objections, if any. For this purpose they may, upon application to the Commission, obtain copies of the proposed rules. Communications of such views should be made to the Commission not later than Wednesday, July 15, 1936. Opportunity for oral hearing will be afforded July 15, 1936, at 10 a.m., Room 101, Federal Trade Commission Building, 815 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D. C., to such persons as may desire to appear, and who have made prior written or telegraphic request to be heard orally. All briefs or other communications received concerning the proposed rules will become part of the public record subject to inspec-tion by interested parties. After giving due consideration to such suggestions or objections as may be received concerning the rules proposed by the industry, the Commission will proceed to their final consideration.

By the Commission.

OTIS B. JOHNSON, Secretary,

Entered June 24, 1936.

[F.R. Doc. 1007—Filed, June 26, 1936; 11:15 a.m.]